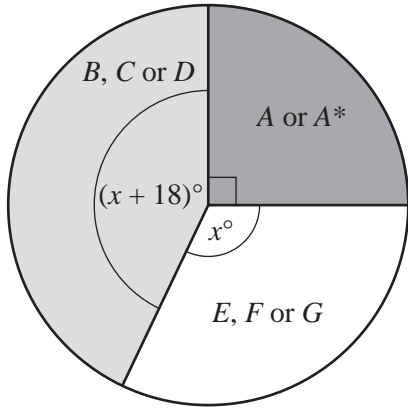
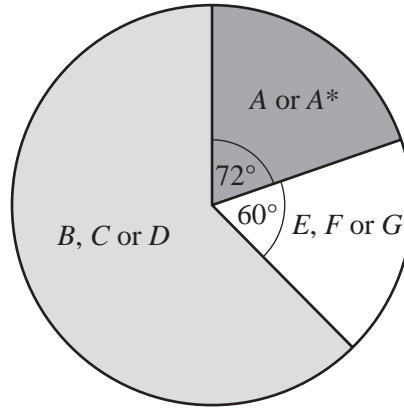


1



Girls



Boys

NOT TO SCALE

For Examiner's Use

The pie charts show information on the grades achieved in mathematics by the girls and boys at a school.

(a) For the **Girls'** pie chart, calculate

(i) x ,

Answer(a)(i) $x = \dots\dots\dots$ [2]

(ii) the angle for grades B, C or D .

Answer(a)(ii) $\dots\dots\dots$ [1]

(b) Calculate the percentage of the **Boys** who achieved grades E, F or G .

Answer(b) $\dots\dots\dots$ % [2]

(c) There were 140 girls and 180 boys.

(i) Calculate the percentage of students (girls and boys) who achieved grades A or A^* .

Answer(c)(i) $\dots\dots\dots$ % [3]

- (ii) How many more boys than girls achieved grades *B*, *C* or *D*?

For
Examiner's
Use

Answer(c)(ii) [2]

- (d) The table shows information about the times, t minutes, taken by 80 of the girls to complete their mathematics examination.

Time taken (t minutes)	$40 < t \leq 60$	$60 < t \leq 80$	$80 < t \leq 120$	$120 < t \leq 150$
Frequency	5	14	29	32

- (i) Calculate an estimate of the mean time taken by these 80 girls to complete the examination.

Answer(d)(i) min [4]

- (ii) On a histogram, the height of the column for the interval $60 < t \leq 80$ is 2.8 cm.

Calculate the heights of the other three columns.

Do not draw the histogram.

Answer(d)(ii) $40 < t \leq 60$ column height = cm

$80 < t \leq 120$ column height = cm

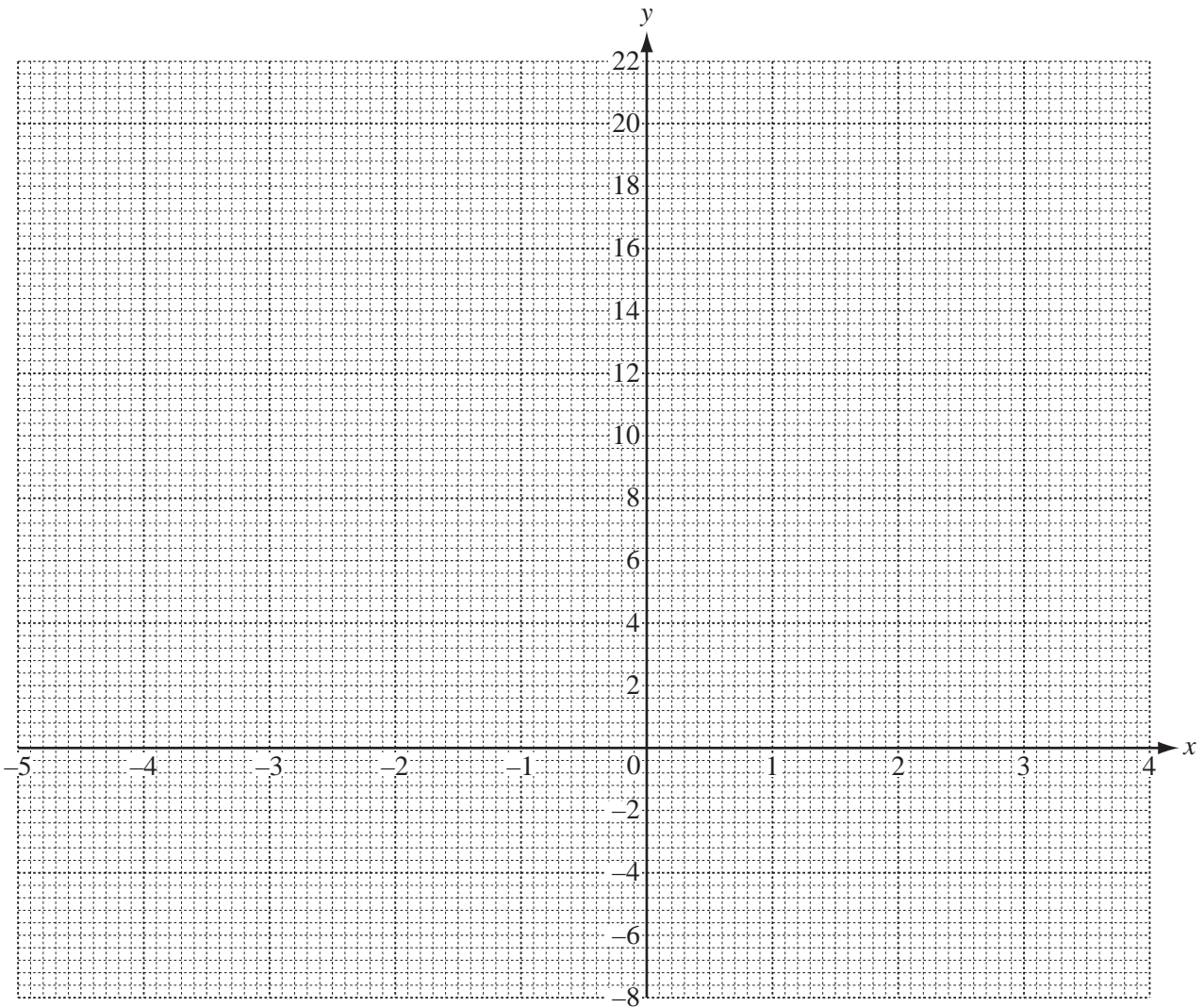
$120 < t \leq 150$ column height = cm [4]

2 (a) (i) Complete the table of values for $y = \frac{1}{2}x^3 + x^2 - 7x$.

x	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4
y	-2.5	12	16.5		7.5	0		-6	1.5	

[3]

(ii) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = \frac{1}{2}x^3 + x^2 - 7x$ for $-5 \leq x \leq 4$.



[4]

(b) Use your graph to solve the equation $\frac{1}{2}x^3 + x^2 - 7x = 2$.

Answer(b) $x =$ or $x =$ or $x =$ [3]

- (c) By drawing a suitable tangent, calculate an estimate of the gradient of the graph where $x = -4$.

For
Examiner's
Use

Answer(c) [3]

- (d) (i) On the grid draw the line $y = 10 - 5x$ for $-2 \leq x \leq 3$. [3]

- (ii) Use your graphs to solve the equation $\frac{1}{2}x^3 + x^2 - 7x = 10 - 5x$.

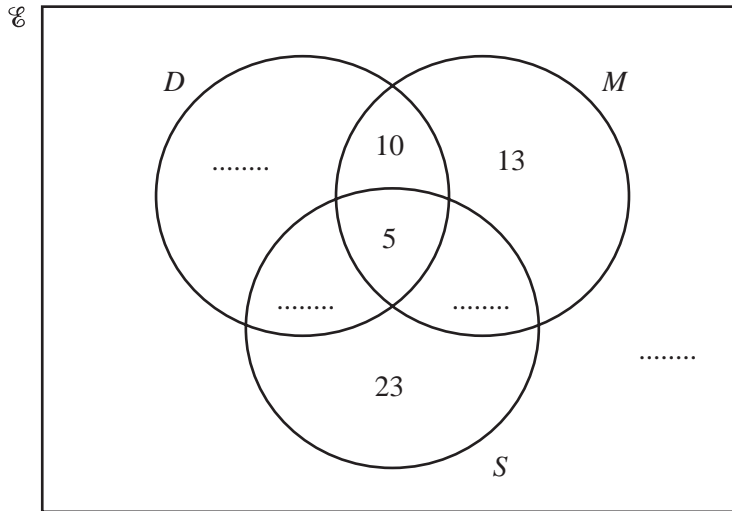
Answer(d)(ii) $x =$ [1]

3 90 students are asked which school clubs they attend.

- $D = \{ \text{students who attend drama club} \}$
- $M = \{ \text{students who attend music club} \}$
- $S = \{ \text{students who attend sports club} \}$

39 students attend music club.
 26 students attend **exactly two** clubs.
 35 students attend drama club.

*For
Examiner's
Use*



(a) Write the four missing values in the Venn diagram. [4]

(b) How many students attend

(i) all three clubs,

Answer(b)(i) [1]

(ii) one club only?

Answer(b)(ii) [1]

(c) Find

(i) $n(D \cap M)$,

Answer(c)(i) [1]

(ii) $n((D \cap M) \cap S')$.

Answer(c)(ii) [1]

(d) One of the 90 students is chosen at random.

Find the probability that the student

(i) **only** attends music club,

Answer(d)(i) [1]

(ii) attends **both** music and drama clubs.

Answer(d)(ii) [1]

(e) Two of the 90 students are chosen at random without replacement.

Find the probability that

(i) they **both** attend all three clubs,

Answer(e)(i) [2]

(ii) one of them attends sports club only and the other attends music club only.

Answer(e)(ii) [3]

*For
Examiner's
Use*

4 (a) Solve the equations.

(i) $4x - 7 = 8 - 2x$

Answer(a)(i) $x =$ [2]

(ii) $\frac{x-7}{3} = 2$

Answer(a)(ii) $x =$ [2]

(b) Simplify the expressions.

(i) $(3xy^4)^3$

Answer(b)(i) [2]

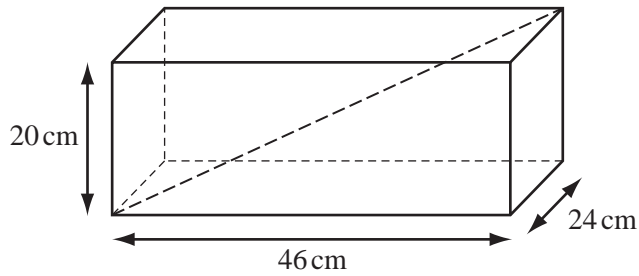
(ii) $(16a^6b^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

Answer(b)(ii) [2]

(iii) $\frac{x^2 - 7x - 8}{x^2 - 64}$

Answer(b)(iii) [4]

5 (a)

NOT TO
SCALEFor
Examiner's
Use

Jose has a fish tank in the shape of a cuboid measuring 46 cm by 24 cm by 20 cm.

Calculate the length of the diagonal shown in the diagram.

Answer(a) cm [3]

(b) Maria has a fish tank with a volume of 20 000 cm³.

Write the volume of Maria's fish tank as a percentage of the volume of Jose's fish tank.

Answer(b) % [3]

(c) Lorenzo's fish tank is mathematically similar to Jose's and double the volume.

Calculate the dimensions of Lorenzo's fish tank.

Answer(c) cm by cm by cm [3]

(d) A sphere has a volume of 20 000 cm³. Calculate its radius.

[The volume, V , of a sphere with radius r is $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$.]

Answer(d) cm [3]

6 (a) $\mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$ $\mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -7 \end{pmatrix}$ $\mathbf{c} = \begin{pmatrix} -10 \\ 21 \end{pmatrix}$

(i) Find $2\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}$.

Answer(a)(i) $\begin{pmatrix} \\ \end{pmatrix}$ [1]

(ii) Find $|\mathbf{b}|$.

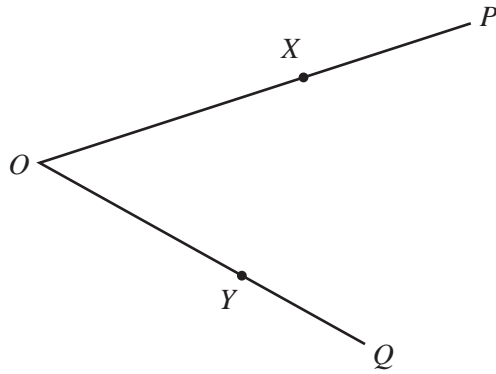
Answer(a)(ii) [2]

(iii) $m\mathbf{a} + n\mathbf{b} = \mathbf{c}$

Find the values of m and n .
Show all your working.

Answer(a)(iii) $m =$
 $n =$ [6]

(b)



NOT TO SCALE

For
Examiner's
Use

In the diagram, $OX:XP = 3:2$ and $OY:YQ = 3:2$.
 $\vec{OP} = \mathbf{p}$ and $\vec{OQ} = \mathbf{q}$.

(i) Write \vec{PQ} in terms of \mathbf{p} and \mathbf{q} .

Answer(b)(i) $\vec{PQ} = \dots\dots\dots$ [1]

(ii) Write \vec{XY} in terms of \mathbf{p} and \mathbf{q} .

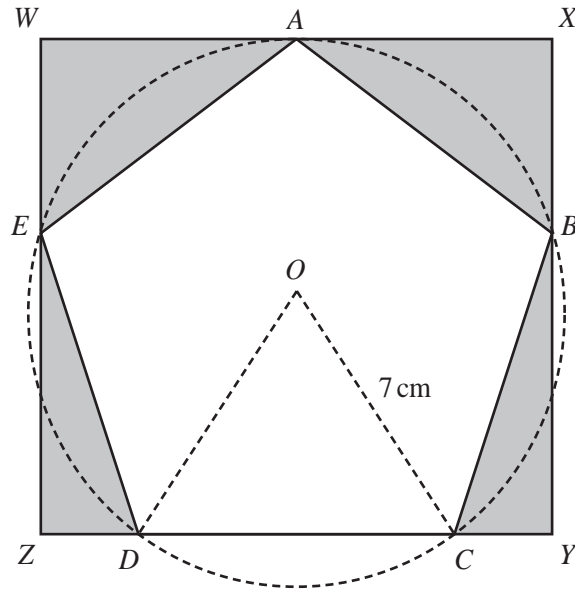
Answer(b)(ii) $\vec{XY} = \dots\dots\dots$ [1]

(iii) Complete the following sentences.

The lines XY and PQ are

The triangles OXY and OPQ are

The ratio of the area of triangle OXY to the area of triangle OPQ is : [3]



NOT TO
SCALE

For
Examiner's
Use

The vertices A , B , C , D and E of a regular pentagon lie on the circumference of a circle, centre O , radius 7 cm.
They also lie on the sides of a rectangle $WXYZ$.

(a) Show that

(i) angle $DOC = 72^\circ$,

Answer(a)(i)

[1]

(ii) angle $DCB = 108^\circ$,

Answer(a)(ii)

[2]

(iii) angle $CBY = 18^\circ$.

Answer(a)(iii)

[1]

- (b) Show that the length CD of one side of the pentagon is 8.23 cm correct to three significant figures.

Answer(b)

*For
Examiner's
Use*

- (c) Calculate

[3]

- (i) the area of the triangle DOC ,

Answer(c)(i) cm^2 [2]

- (ii) the area of the pentagon $ABCDE$,

Answer(c)(ii) cm^2 [1]

- (iii) the area of the sector ODC ,

Answer(c)(iii) cm^2 [2]

- (iv) the length XY .

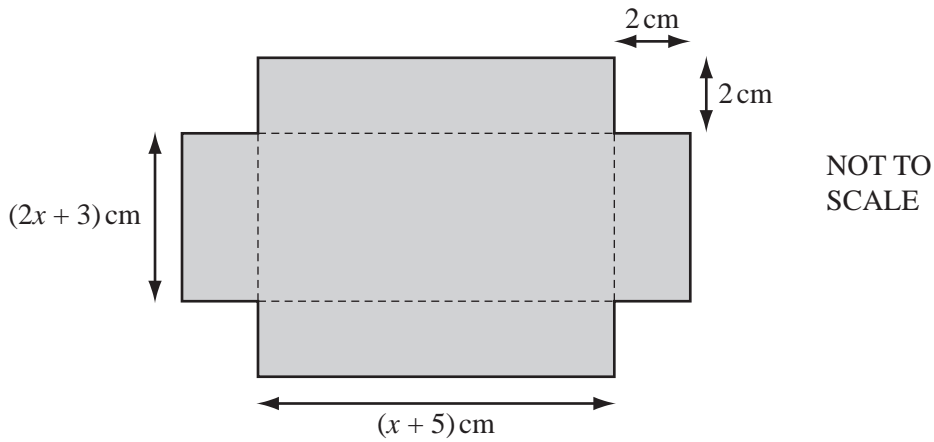
Answer(c)(iv) cm [2]

- (d) Calculate the ratio
area of the pentagon $ABCDE$: area of the rectangle $WXYZ$.

Give your answer in the form 1 : n .

Answer(d) 1 : [5]

- 8 A rectangular piece of card has a square of side 2 cm removed from each corner.



For
Examiner's
Use

- (a) Write expressions, in terms of x , for the dimensions of the rectangular card before the squares are removed from the corners.

Answer(a) cm by cm [2]

- (b) The diagram shows a net for an open box.
Show that the volume, $V\text{cm}^3$, of the open box is given by the formula $V = 4x^2 + 26x + 30$.

Answer(b)

[3]

- (c) (i) Calculate the values of x when $V = 75$.
Show all your working and give your answers correct to two decimal places.

For
Examiner's
Use

Answer(c)(i) $x =$ or $x =$ [5]

- (ii) Write down the length of the longest edge of the box.

Answer(c)(ii) cm [1]

Question 9 is printed on the next page.

- 9 Distances from the Sun can be measured in astronomical units, AU.
 Earth is a distance of 1 AU from the Sun.
 One AU is approximately 1.496×10^8 km.

For
 Examiner's
 Use

The table shows distances from the Sun.

Name	Distance from the Sun in AU	Distance from the Sun in kilometres
Earth	1	1.496×10^8
Mercury	0.387
Jupiter	7.79×10^8
Pluto	5.91×10^9

(a) Complete the table. [3]

(b) Light travels at approximately 300 000 kilometres per second.

- (i) How long does it take light to travel from the Sun to Earth?
 Give your answer in seconds.

Answer(b)(i) s [2]

- (ii) How long does it take light to travel from the Sun to Pluto?
 Give your answer in minutes.

Answer(b)(ii) min [2]

(c) One light year is the distance that light travels in one year (365 days).

How far is one light year in kilometres?
 Give your answer in standard form.

Answer(c) km [3]

(d) How many astronomical units (AU) are equal to one light year?

Answer(d) AU [2]

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

University of Cambridge International Examinations is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.