



UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME	
CENTRE NUMBER	CANDIDATE NUMBER
BIOLOGY	0610/02
Paper 2 Core	October/November 2007

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [b] at the end of each question or part question.

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	1		
t	2		
	3		
	4		
	5		
	6		
	7		
	8		
	9		
	Total		

1 hour 15 minutes

This document consists of 17 printed pages and 3 blank pages.



1 Non-living things, such as a truck, have features that seem to be similar to those of living organisms.

growth

excretion

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Choose words from the list of characteristics of living things and match them to the statements about a truck.

movement

nutrition	respiration	sensitivity
A truck needs to have a supply of diesel	put into its fuel tank, s	similar to the need for
in animals. Whe	n this fuel is burnt exh	aust fumes are removed,
like the process of	in animals. Ene	rgy is released when this
fuel is burnt. This matches the process of	of	in both animals
and plants. This energy is used to turn	n the wheels of the tru	ck, like the process of
in animals.		

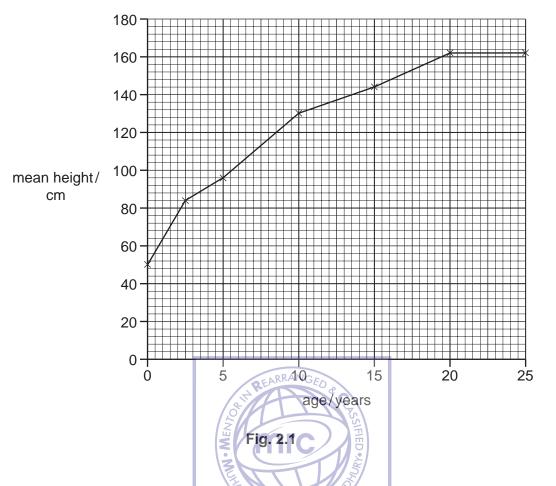
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[Total: 4]

2 (a) Fig. 2.1 shows the mean height of females from birth to 25 years of age.

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(i) State in which two year period the growth rate of females is most rapid.

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Table 2.1 lists similar information about males.

Table 2.1

age of males / years	mean height / cm
0	50
2	84
5	104
10	126
15	140
20	174
25	178

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l	, 11 <i>1</i>	Plot the data for males on t	ne grapn,	гıу. Z. I,	using the same	e axes.

[3]

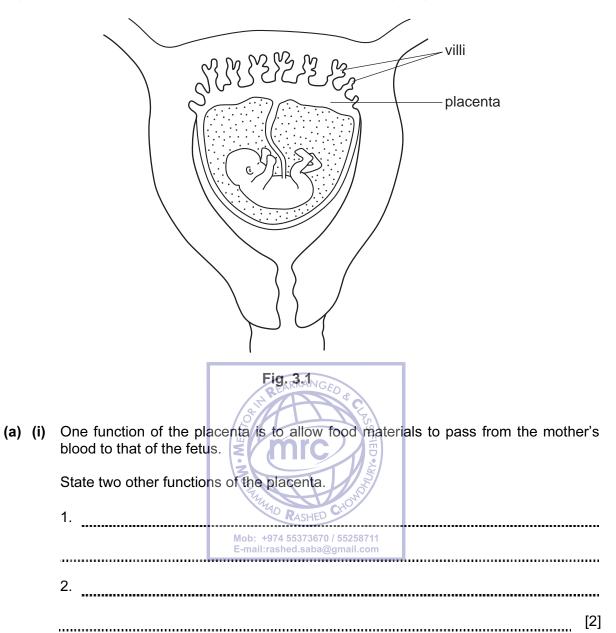
(iii) After the age of 2, at which two ages are the heights of males and females the same?

and [2]

(b)		ring the teenage years of both sexes changes happen to their bodies and their naviour.
	(i)	State in which sex these changes normally occur first.
		[1]
	(ii)	Describe three of these changes that happen in males.
		1
		2
		_
		3.
		[3]
	(iii)	Name the hormone that triggers these changes in males.
	(iv)	State the name given to this stage of development that happens during the teenage (adolescent) years.
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		[Total: 12]

3 Fig. 3.1 shows part of the female reproductive system during pregnancy.





(ii) The surface of the placenta has a large number of finger-like projections called villi. These extend into the surface of the uterus.

Explain the importance of these villi.

[2

(b) On Fig. 3.1 mark with an **X** a place where the mother's blood and the blood of the fetus are close together.

[1]

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(c)	The blood supply of the mother and the fetus are separate. Suggest three reasons why this is important for the fetus.	
	1.	
	2.	
	3.	
	[3]	

[Total: 8]



4 Fig. 4.1 shows changes in the concentration of oxygen in a river into which untreated sewage is being released.

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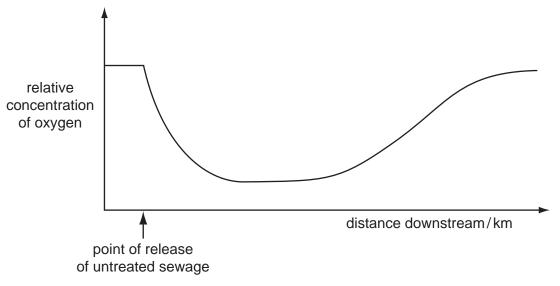
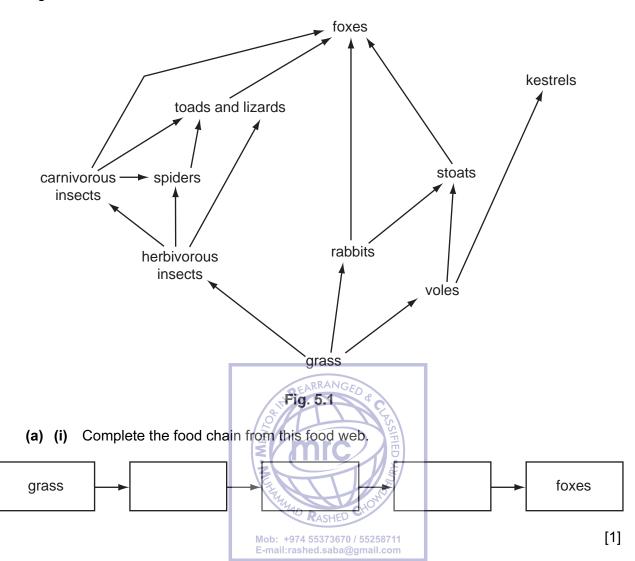


Fig. 4.1

(a)	Describe the changes in oxygen concentration shown by the graph.
	WICE SERVICE S
	[2]
(b)	Suggest how these changes in the concentration of oxygen have been produced. E-mail:rashed.saba@gmail.com
	[4]
	[Total: 6]

5 Fig. 5.1 shows a food web.



(ii) Complete each column of Table 5.1 by naming **two** appropriate organisms from the food web. Some organisms could occur in more than one column.

Table 5.1

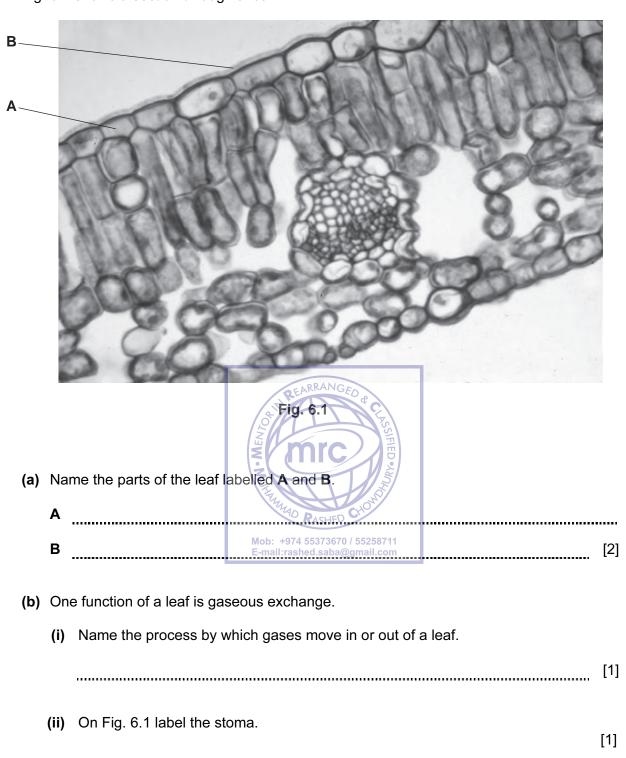
consumer	carnivore	herbivore

[3]

(b)		overuse of some pesticides can make the eggs of birds of prey, such as the trel, infertile. This may cause a large decrease in the population of kestrels.
		dict and explain the possible effects this could have on populations of stoats and bits in the food web, Fig. 5.1.
	stoa	ts
	rabl	pits
		[4]
		[7]
(c)	mat ove web	ut 20 years ago a failure at a nuclear plant resulted in the release of radioactive erial into the atmosphere. The radioactive material was deposited on grasslands parts of Europe. Some of the radioactive chemicals got into organisms in the food , Fig. 5.1. Not all of these radioactive chemicals taken in by organisms are reted.
	(i)	Suggest which organism would have accumulated the highest concentration of radioactive chemicals and explain why this would happen.
		organism
		explanation RASHED CHORD
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		[3]
	(ii)	One of the radioactive chemicals present was strontium, which behaves very much like calcium in an animal's body. Suggest where this strontium would be found in high levels in an animal's body.
		[1]
		[Total: 12]

6 Fig. 6.1 shows a section through a leaf.

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(iii) Complete Table 6.1 by placing a tick (✓) in the appropriate column to show the movement of gases or vapour through open stomata on a sunny, dry day. Give a reason for each of your answers.

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Table 6.1

	movement of gas or vapour			reason for movement of gas
	into leaf out of leaf none		or vapour	
carbon dioxide				
oxygen				
water vapour				

	[3]
ng.	
	[1]
1 na	me

(iv) Suggest how the movement of water vapour might be different if it was raining

(c) The vascular bundle delivers water to replace water lost by the leaf. On Fig. 6.1 name and label the tissue in the vascular bundle that does this.

[2]

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[Total: 10]

7	(a)	Describe how alcohol is produced by respiration of microorganisms during brewing.	For Examiner's Use
		[2]	
		[3]	
	(b)	Describe the possible effects that alcohol has on the human body.	
		[3]	

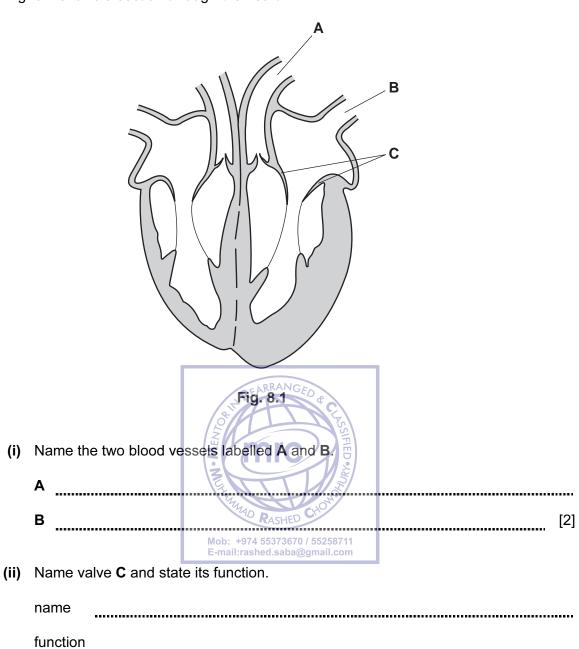
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(a) Fig. 8.1 shows a section through the heart.

name

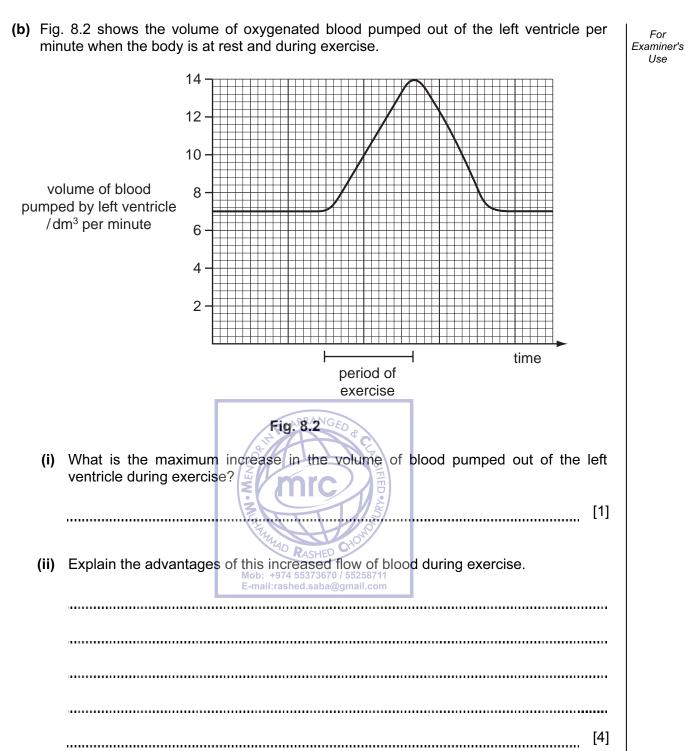
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(c) Fig. 8.3 shows an external view of the heart.



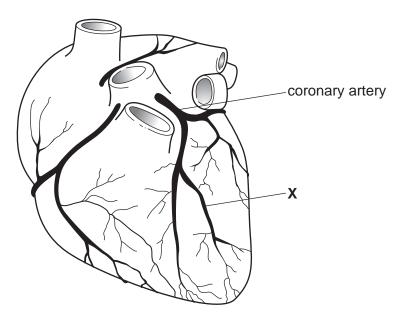
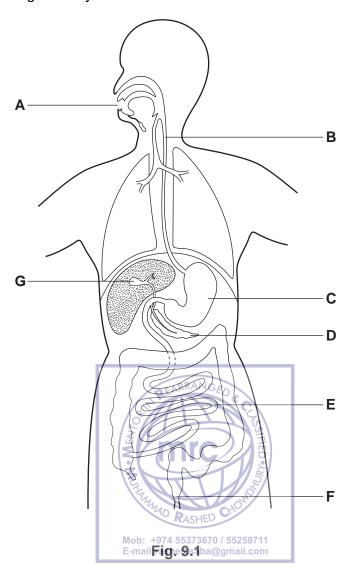


Fig. 8.3

(1)	the heart.	Decomes blocked at X, sugges	st what the effect would be on
		* mrc	
			[2]
		RASHED CHO	
(ii)	State two ways in which	h the risk of such a blockage o	ould be reduced.
	1		
	2.		
			[2]
			[Total: 13]

9 Fig. 9.1 shows the digestive system.



(a)	Complete the following statements by selecting the appropriate letter from Fig. 9.1.	For Examiner's Use
	(i) Egestion happens at[1]	
	(ii) Pancreatic juice is formed at [1]	
	(iii) Villi are present at[1]	
	(iv) Bile is stored at[1]	
(b)	The stomach produces hydrochloric acid as well as enzymes. State two functions of this acid in the stomach.	
	1	
	2 PRANO	
	[2]	
(c)	LE L	
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	[3]	
	[Total: 9]	

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Question 6 Fig. 6.1 © Dr Lawrence Jensen, University of Auckland.

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